# MBA III Semester Supplementary Examinations October 2020

# **INVESTMENT & PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

(For students admitted in 2017 & 2018 only)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60

# All questions carry equal marks

### SECTION - A

(Answer the following:  $05 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ )

- 1 (a) Elucidate the process of investment undertaken by the investor.
  - (b) Explain the various functions of capital market.

### OR

- 2 Explain the economic and financial meaning of investment and differentiate investor from speculator.
- 3 Describe the various characteristics of an industry that an analyst must consider while doing industry analysis.

### OR

- 4 Explain how technical analysis can be used in deciding the timing for buying and selling of securities.
- 5 (a) If the expected returns of two stocks are same but the standard deviation of the returns differ, which security is to be preferred.
  - (b) If an investor desires diversification, should he/she seek investments that have a high positive correlation?

### OR

- 6 What is simple diversification? Can it reduce total risk? Can it reduce unsystematic risk?
- The market price of a bond with maturity of five years is Rs.1100/- its par value is Rs.1000/- and coupon rate is 15%. What is the yield to maturity of this bond?

### OR

- 8 What are the basic valuation models of bonds? How do you calculate yield on bonds?
- 9 What is portfolio management? Explain the models of portfolio management.

### ΩR

10 "Modern Portfolio theory helps in the optimal allocation of global resources "Comment.

## SECTION - B

(Compulsory question, 01 X 10 = 10 Marks)

## 11 Case Study:

Mr.RKV invested in equity shares of Wipro Limited, it's anticipated returns and associated probabilities are given below:

Return %	Probability	
-15	0.05	
-10	0.10	
5	0.15	
10	0.25	
15	0.10	
20	0.10	
30	0.05	

You are required to calculate: (i) The expected rate of return. (ii) Risk in terms of SD.

# MBA III Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations November/December 2019

# **INVESTMENT & PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

(For students admitted in 2017 & 2018 only)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60

# All questions carry equal marks

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## SECTION - A

(Answer the following:  $05 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ )

1 Discuss about different types of investments.

ΩR

- 2 Describe various steps in the process of investment.
- 3 Describe various tools for company analysis.

OR

- 4 Write briefly about the following:
  - (a) Dow theory.
  - (b) Industry life cycle.
- 5 Distinguish between asset beta and levered beta.

OR

- 6 Define return. Differentiate between revue return and capital appreciation.
- 7 Describe the quantitative models of preference share valuation.

OR

- 8 Illustrate various techniques used for common stock valuation.
- 9 Explain Markowitz's portfolio theory and state its assumptions and limitations.

OR

10 Elaborate the features of Sharpe single index model of portfolio construction.

# **SECTION - B**

(Compulsory question, 01 X 10 = 10 Marks)

## 11 Case Study:

The tangential portfolio of an investor yields an expected return of 20 percent and a standard deviation of 12 percent. The risk-free rate is 6 percent. The value of risk aversion by the investor is 5 (slope of the utility line). Determine the optimum portfolio weight of the investor.

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# MBA III Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2019

# **INVESTMENT & PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

(For students admitted in 2017 only)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60

# All questions carry equal marks

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### SECTION - A

(Answer the following:  $05 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ )

- 1 (a) Explain the economic and financial meaning of investment and differentiates investor from speculator.
  - (b) What are financial markets and instruments? How do they support investors and stock markets?

**OR** 

- What do you understand by stock markets? Write the role of BSE and NSE in price discovery.
- 3 Discuss and compare the main features of fundamental and technical analysis.

OF

- 4 Explain the nature and methodology of technical analysis. What are the differences between "Bar charting" and "Candle stick charting"?
- 5 What is return? Explain different methods of calculating return.

OR

- 6 Explain in detail about the systematic risk with examples.
- What are the basic valuation models of bonds? How do you calculate yield on bonds?

OR

- Aswini Ltd has a 14% bond with a face value of Rs.100 that matures at par in 15 years. The bond is callable in five years at Rs.114. It currently sells for Rs.105. Calculate: (i) Current yield. (ii) Yield to maturity. (iii) Yield to call.
- 9 Modern portfolio theory helps in the optimal allocation of global resources. Comment.

OR

10 Explain Sharpe's single index model in detail.

### SECTION - B

(Compulsory question, 01 X 10 = 10 Marks)

11 Case Study:

Determine portfolio risk if  $W_a = 30$ ,  $W_b = 70$ ,  $SD_a = 25$ ,  $SD_b = 30$ , if  $R_{ab}$  is +0.80. Also determine total return of A & B if return on security A is 28% and B is 32%.

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# MBA III Semester Regular Examinations November/December 2018

## **INVESTMENT & PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT**

(For students admitted in 2017 only)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60

# All questions carry equal marks

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### SECTION - A

(Answer the following:  $(05 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$ 

1 Define investment. Describe various modes of investments.

OR

- 2 (a) State the objectives of investment.
  - (b) Distinguish between investment and speculation.
- 3 State the purpose of economic analysis and list the sources of information for economic analysis.

#### OF

- 4 What is technical analysis? Explain how technical analysis is useful to investors.
- 5 Exemplify the differences between systematic and unsystematic risk.

### OR

- 6 Illustrate the methods of calculating expected return.
- 7 What are securities? Describe different types of securities.

### OR

- 8 Illustrate any two techniques of bond valuation.
- 9 What is Capital Asset Pricing Method (CAPM)? Explain the rationale and assumptions of CAPM.

OR

10 Explain how portfolios can be developed for individual investors according to their risk preferences.

## PART - B

(Compulsory question, 01 X 10 = 10 Marks)

# 11 Case study:

An investment company manages an equity fund consisting of five stocks, with the following market values and betas.

Stock	Market value	Betas
Α	₹ 1,00,000	1.10
В	₹ 25,000	1.20
С	₹ 50,000	0.75
D	₹ 1,25,000	0.60
Е	₹ 1,65,000	1.30
Total =	4.65.000	

If RF = 7%, E(Rm) = 14%, compute the portfolio's expected return.

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